Modern Roundabouts

An Informational Presentation Prepared For:

Transportation Research Board Roundabout Conference Vail, CO May 2005

<u>"Roundabout implementation in constrained urban environment -</u> achieving proper design while minimizing impacts"



Presentation Outline

- Review 4 Case Studies of how roundabouts achieved transportation solutions
- Illustrate the 'Principle' Based Design Methodology utilized to achieve these solutions
- Demonstrate that roundabouts are not homogenous and require proper design for optimal operations

Case Study #1

Mount Horeb, WI

Problem Statement

- Traffic ~2,000 VPH
- 6% Heavy Truck
- Average 7 crashes
 per year
- Signals knocked down 2-3 times per yr



Mount Horeb, M Problem Statement

- Poor Pedestrians Mobility
- Peak Hour Congestion (LOS D-F)
- Business Access Not so good



Alternatives Evaluation Conceptual Design

Signalized

Roundabout

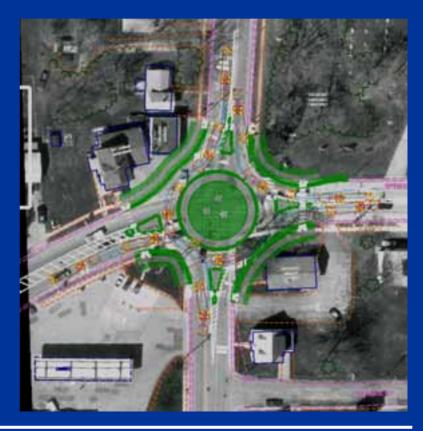


Mount Horeb, Wisconsin STH 78/92

Roundabout Alternative

Modern Roundabout Improvement

- » PROS
- **»** Avoids Residential Impacts
- » Preserves Business Access
- » Provide Future Capacity
- **» Truck Movements Improved**



GUEST COLUMN

Beware the scourge of traffic circles

By Robert A. Hall

he Wisconsin State Journal tried to disguise the bad news by using a British word to make it sound quaint. But the headline Saturday — "Mount Horeb to get first roundabout in the county" struck ice in our hearts.

We are refugees from that quintessential East Coast state, New Jersey. And trust me, it's not the Sopranos that make the Garden State frightening it's the traffic circles.

OPINION

Wisconsin State Journal -

Rotaries!

Sopranos!

Make no mistake, what they plan to build in gentle Mount Horeb is a traffic circle. You'll find traffic circles widely used out East, though once you get into New England, they're called "rotaries." All are bad, but none are worse than New Jersey's. If you've seen the movie with a vacationing family stuck endlessly rounding a traffic circle, you know what I mean.

Dentistry!

turn left. Don't say we didn't warn you.

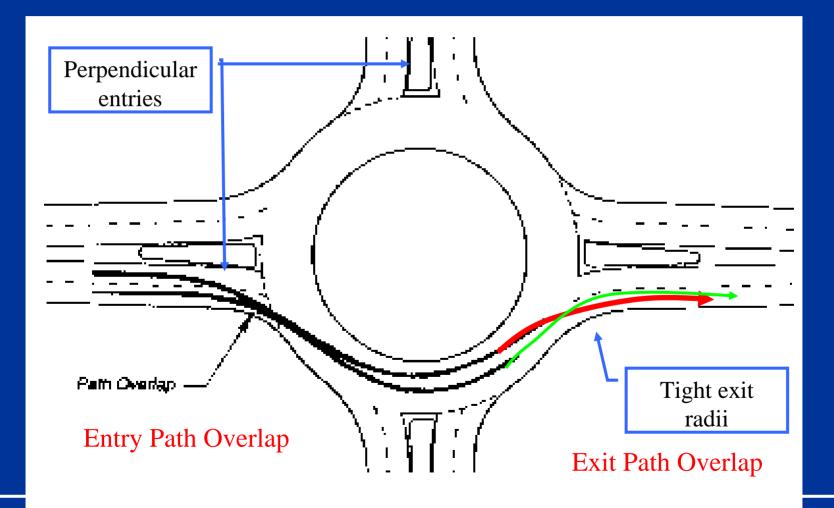
Hall is executive director of the American Academy of Cosmetic Dentistry in Madison.



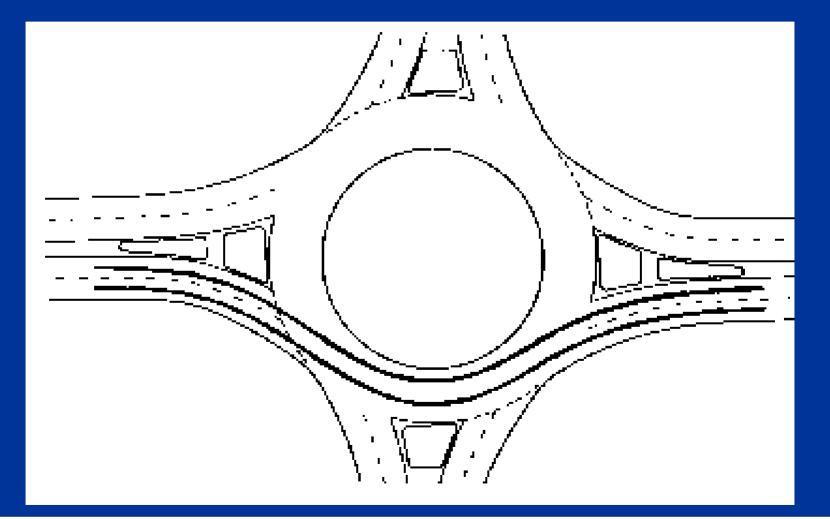


- Capacity & Geometric Refinement
- Design for Trucks 6% (WB-62)
- Ensure Sight Distances Envelopes
- Utilities, Drainage, Vertical
- Lighting, Signing , Markings

Vehicle Path Overlap Sudden lane change

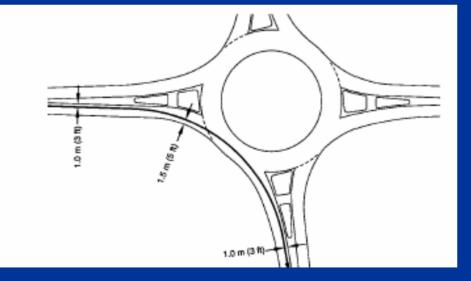


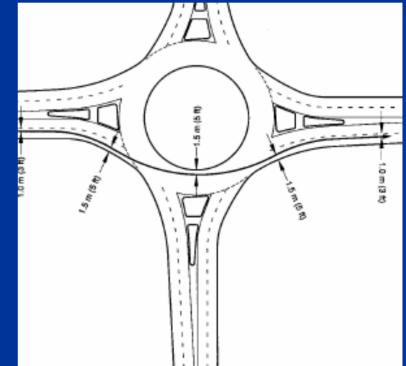
Correct Geometry is safe and provides full capacity



Final Design Fastest Speed Paths

• FHWA Roundabout Geometric Guidelines -





Fastest Speed Path Curves



Fastest Speed Path Curves



Accommodate Trucks L.T.

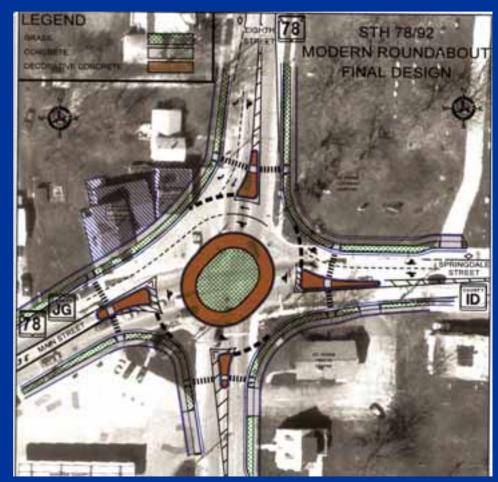


Mount Horeb, Wisconsin STH 78/92 Final Design

Principle Based Design

» Non-circular

- » Varying width circulating roadway 24'-32'
- » Single and Multi-Lane entries
- » Use of standard pavement marking and signing



Construction



•60 (calendar) day construction schedule
•Opened May 28th, 2004 on-time, on-budget

Construction

Missed the guide dots by only 2-3 tenths substantially changed the radii and therefore direction of travel at entry...not good

Scrubbed off

Re-Painted

Poor guidance & creates "Entry Path Overlap"













Truncated DomesDirectional Grooving



Mount Horeb, Wisconsin Pedestrian Comparison



Mount Horeb, Wisconsin Pedestrian Comparison



Mount Horeb, Wisconsin Operational







Mount Horeb, Wisconsin Operational







Mount Horeb, Wisconsin Operational







- 1 fender bender since opening May 28th, 2004
- Community is planning 4 more on same road instead of signals



Case Study #2

Case Study Wisconsin Rapids, WI

Existing Infrastructure

Constrained Urban Safety/Capacity Business/Residential Impacts ROW

Wisconsin Rapids, WI Existing Condition

- Challenging Geometry
- •Evaluate Alternatives
 - Costs
 - Operations
 - Business Impacts



Wisconsin Rapids, WI Existing Condition

- Challenging Geometry
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 - Business Impacts



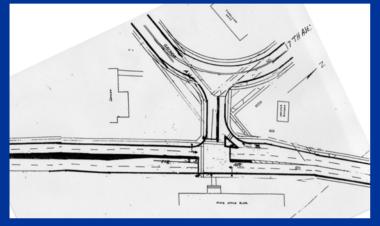
Wisconsin Rapids, WI

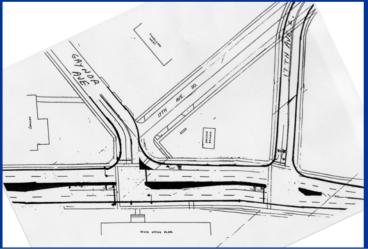
Existing Condition

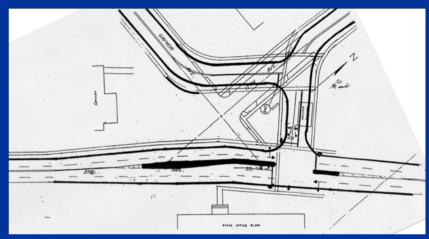


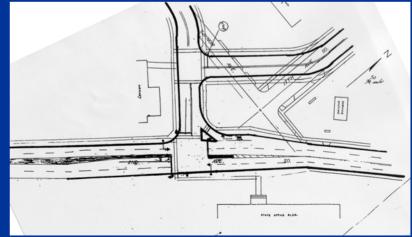
Wisconsin Rapids

All Conventional Alternatives Create Substantial Residential and/or Business Impacts (High Cost)









Wisconsin Rapids Roundabout



Wisconsin Rapids Roundabout

Testimonial

As a resident of the neighborhood for 55 years, Earl Keding, 82, figures the roundabout will control traffic flow.

"They've got it marked well and it'll help, because people will have to slow down some," said Keding, who took his turn around the intersection Tuesday.

"I went around it. It's not any worse than any other street."



Case Study #3

Interchanges Diamond Interchange

Anchorage Alaska





SYSTEM EFFECTS

Diamond Interchange Anchorage Alaska ~5,500 VPH



Case Study #4

Case Study Highway 30/Thompson Drive Madison, WI



Existing Conditions



- <u>3 Year Crash History</u> •10 crashes per year •8 serious injuries/yr
- •1.2 crashes MEV
- •80% Injury Crashes

• Peak Hour Congestion and Delay



Existing Conditions

Peak Hour Congestion and Delay



Existing Conditions

Missing Sidewalk / No Bike Lanes



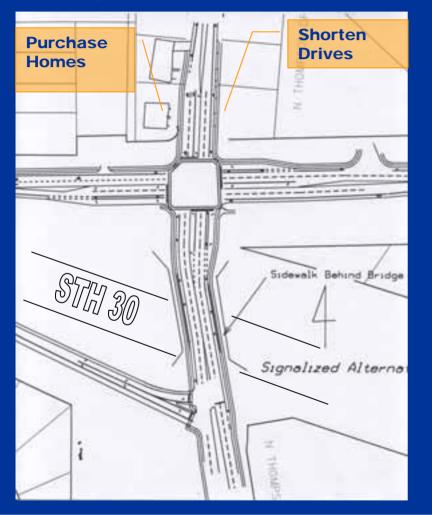
Project Objectives

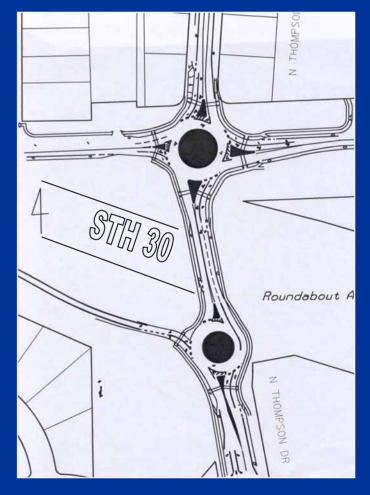
- Improve Safety for all Modes
- Provide For Future Traffic Growth
- Provide Pedestrian & Bicycle Connectivity
- Minimize Residential Encroachment
 Preserve Residential 'Character'

STH 30/Thompson Drive -Madison

Signal Alternative

Roundabout

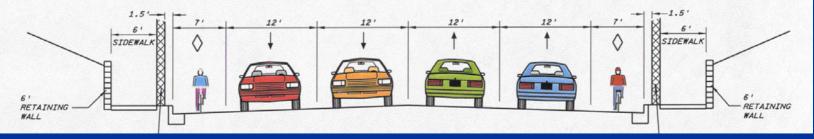




Alternatives Analysis

Signal Alt = <u>4-Lane</u> Cross-Section

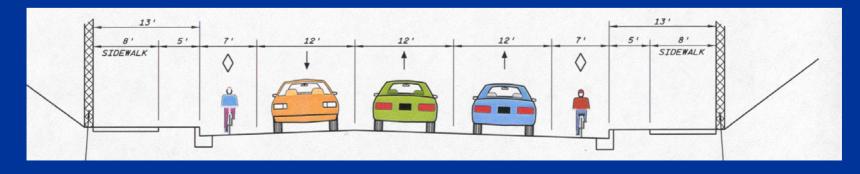




Alternatives Analysis

Roundabout = <u>3-Lane</u> Cross-Section



















End / Summary

Roundabout Design is Based on:

- Traffic/Transportation Engineering Science and Principles
- Alternative Analysis Necessary
- Roundabouts are Not a Cure All

Significant benefits can be achieved
Correct Design Required for Optimal Operations

