The Vermont Agency of Transportation Access Management Public Outreach Project

7th Conference on Access Management

August 2006



Presentation Outline

• Part I: Program Overview

Part II: Program Status and Effectiveness

Outcome



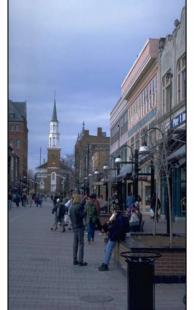


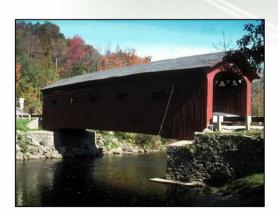


VERMONT - "A state known for its historic villages, winding back roads, spectacular mountain

vistas and strong sense of community..."

-National Trust for Historic Preservation







If we are not careful this could be Vermont...





How can we prevent this from happening?





Two Fundamental Approaches

- Legislative: Legal mandate for Access Management processes
 - Examples: Colorado, Oregon, Texas
- Promotion/Education: The process of building support for access management through education and promoting the benefits of improved access management
 - Examples: New Hampshire, Minnesota, Ohio
 - Vermont Chose this approach



Vermont Approach – Grass Roots

- Education:
 - An objective approach designed to provide sufficient information to make informed decisions
- Advocacy:
 - Develop and disseminate materials promoting access management techniques and their benefits
- Resource Materials:
 - Develop materials in several mediums reaching out to different audiences (internet, documentation, ads)



Goals of the Project

- Achieve Public Support for AM
- Identify good tools for local officials
- Encourage coordination between state and local permitting decisions that affect highways
- Provide a first step toward collaborative corridor planning



Target Audience Segmentation to Customize Message

• Developers:

- How to work with VTrans and local government
- How AM techniques can save money
- Things to consider early in development process

Local and Regional Decision Makers:

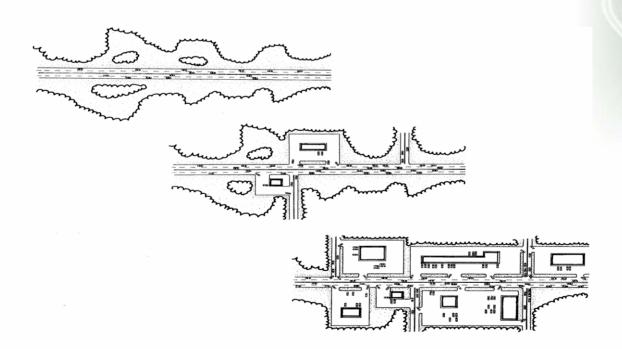
- Sample local regulations (zoning, planning)
- How to coordinate with State and Developers
- Advantages of AM techniques what to expect

• General Public:

- What is AM and why is it a good idea
- What you should expect of Town and Developers



Segmentation by Maturity of Local Development





Rural

- Towns with little or no development pressure
- Communicate
 consistency between
 AM and growth along
 with value of AM





Transitional

- Towns experiencing moderate or extreme development pressure but still with modest services
- May have limited AM policies/understanding
- Communicate need to adopt immediately





Vermont Urban

- Towns with mature services and development trends
- Focus on revisions to plans and process of retrofitting existing conditions











Materials Developed



VERMONT AGENCY OF TRANSPORTATION
WAITSFIELD CASE STUDY

PROJECT: Route 100 Frontage Road
LOCATION: trasville, VT

Challenge
During the 1970s and 1980s the ski industry was experiencing
grown, and development at both Mad Biler Glen and Suparbush
was attacting more tearing into the region, was round. Town
officials recognize that retail and other tourism related
development was on the brists, and that Route (Oth, doe only

VERMONT AGENCY OF TRANSPORTATION SOUTH BURLINGTON CASE STUDY

PROJECT: Dorset Street LOCATION: So. Burlington, VT

Challenge

One lane traffic in each direction was creating difficulties for the Gry of South Burlington throughout the 1970s and 1980s. Traffic was making left hand turns across the opposing lane, often waiting for the opportunity to make the turn and holding up traffic as a result. Pedestrian and bicyde traffic was disrupted by





Materials Developed

- Introductory Brochure targeted at public
- Brochure targeted at developers
- Electronic summary of AM that allows staged access
- Tool for determining which area/category best fits your town
- VTrans slide show with branching depending on audience
- Listing of VTrans materials and flow-chart to assist developers in VTrans process
- Website describing all materials and contact information

www.vtaccessmanagement.info



Distribution of Information

- RPC's were chosen as vehicle for distributing information
 - By request from town policy maker sessions (planning board, selectboard, etc.)
 - Presented at project meetings (proposed development, roadway projects, etc.)
 - Material distributed; also upon request



Part II – Program Status





Information Dissemination

- Average 6 presentations/RPC in 2 years
- Varying interest/success
 - Stand alone presentations
 - As part of corridor studies
 - Applied approach TA to communities



What's Worked Well

- The slide show
- Materials as a good resource
- TA to communities
- The website but....





And Not So Well



- The website
- Stand alone presentations
- Presentations in the more rural towns
- Permit coordination



Outcome



Where we go from here



Lessons Learned

- The website
- Be less prescriptive to RPCs
- Need better evaluation tools
- Progress is slow still more work to be done
 Not all goals of project have been met



Next Steps

- Continue outreach expand methods
- Continue program evaluation
- Step up VTrans/local coordination
- Push forward with corridor planning



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